

PRICE FIVE CENTS

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<p>construction for five years previous, taking, on average, only the first ten months of each year, amounted to only 1,600 miles. It is remarkable, however, that notwithstanding the large increase of population in the West, the facilities offered for travel, reduction in rates, and a general increase in the use of the railroads, passenger traffic has decreased, indicating, as the Auditor believes, either that the people could not afford to travel or that railroad companies have not yet solved the problem of passenger transportation.</p>	
CHICAGO SUB-TREASURY.	
LAST YEAR'S BUSINESS.	
<p>WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 26.—The following is a statement of the business done at the Chicago Sub-Treasury for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1879, as it will appear in the forthcoming supplemental report of Treasurer Gilliss to Secretary Sherman:</p>	
Balance, June 30, 1878.....	\$ 5,637.00
RECEIPTS.	
Customs.....	1,838.58
Internal revenue.....	2,294.50
Gold sales.....	2,709.77
4 per cent bonds.....	2,709.77
Certificates of deposit.....	2,283.00
Gold sales.....	50.00
Transfers.....	13,850.42
Interest.....	10.00
Debiting officers.....	10,620.83
4 per cent refunding certificates.....	130.00
Miscellaneous.....	211.15
Total.....	\$30,200.55
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Treasury drafts.....	\$16,678.70
Post-office drafts.....	657.00
Debiting accounts.....	10,215.44
Gold sales.....	50.00
Interest.....	101.87
Transfers.....	4,935.18
Certificates of deposit.....	3,548.00
Miscellaneous.....	10.00
Total.....	\$35,835.98
Balance, June 30, 1879.....	\$3,944.07

NOTES AND NEWS.

REPLY OF LEGAL-TENDERS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 25.—Gen. R. B. Butler, in commenting upon the points of the forthcoming message of the President, expressed the hope that the determination to recommend the retirement of the greenbacks would be a wise one. He said that the President would ask Congress to take that step. The reason assigned by Gen. Butler for this wish is that such a course, in his judgment, would revive the hopes of the Greenbackers, and give them a new impetus. He said that the President's indications of a movement on the part of some of the Eastern Congressmen to endeavor to force the Republican party to make the retirement of the greenbacks an issue, and to connect it with the question of the right to National banks, and in support of the greenbacks. This plan is said to have been already privately discussed, and to be now held under advisement by some of the Eastern leaders of the party.

"CENTRALIZATION."

The Democracy are likely to find a new argument for centralization in the reports which Secretary Sherman will make in favor of abolishing the various Departments, and the conversion of each into a bureau for the permanent stationing of a regiment of troops.

WHAT SPRINGER WANTS.

Representative Springer, of Illinois, has announced his intention to resign his seat in Congress. He thinks that nothing could give the Democrats better than for the President and the Secretary of the Treasury to recommend the withdrawal of the legal-tender circulation of the United States notes, and the issue of the dollar. He is of the opinion that the Southern Congressmen will take a conservative position in other words, he thinks that the "poisonous policy will prevail.

REPLY OF LEGAL-TENDERS.

Dr. Francis C. George, the Independent who wrote the letter which was the starting point of the recent reign of wrath in the South, has arrived here, and says that he stands by that letter, and has nothing to take back.

Senator Thurman, of Ohio, has arrived, and attributes the defeat of the Democracy in the State largely to the influence of the Pacific Railroad party, who, he says, were determined that he should not occupy his seat in the Senate on account of his share in the restrictive Pacific Railroad legislation. That seems to be Senator Thurman's hobby.

THE NEW HOUSE RULES.

The House Committee on Rules announced this afternoon in revising its report and putting it in shape to be submitted to the House. The report will contain a complete codification of such rules of the House as the Committee recommended to Congress. The new rules will simplify the rules for new members. One of the most important changes notified was that which prevents the morning hour from becoming blocked by legislation, leaving it entirely free for reports of committees and for the discussion of bills. In the new order, and the measures reported are to be placed upon the calendar. Legislation will then only take place in the morning hour, when the Committees have all been called and have had the opportunity to present their measures to the House. This change will take the place of the rule which has heretofore given each Committee in succession two morning hours each, and has been the cause of much confusion. The new measures which have never been before the House in print, and demanding immediate action are now being introduced.

MCRAE'S SUCCESSOR.

Ex-Senator Ramsey, Minnesota, is expected to arrive here to-day. It is generally believed that he will be nominated to succeed Secretary McCrary.

INTERNAL REVENUE COLLECTIONS.

The following are the allowances made to the Western States for the collection of duties for salaries, rents, fuel, lights,—not including advertising and telegraphing etc.,—for the month of November:

Alabama.....	1,472	Missouri.....	714,021
Arkansas.....	15,564	New York.....	238,490
California.....	50,946	New Jersey.....	18,453
Colorado.....	1,447	New Hampshire.....	1,874
Connecticut.....	54,082	N. Carolina.....	138,442
Delaware.....	1,311	Ohio.....	5,877
Florida.....	2,541	Pa.....	128,787
Georgia.....	2,971	Rich. Mon. & D. Co.....	2,580
Idaho.....	68,250	Texas.....	5,493
Illinois.....	2,304,716	Virginia.....	4,054
Indiana.....	3,330	Wisconsin.....	1,600
Iowa.....	31,005	Wyoming.....	1,000
Kansas.....	31,005	Total.....	1,287,708

THE FOLLOWING TABLE SHOWS THE NUMBER OF BUSHELS OF GRAIN, MAIZE, AND MILL-FEED USED IN THE SEVERAL STATES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1879, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES:

Alabama.....	4,272	Nebraska.....	714,021
Arkansas.....	15,564	New York.....	238,490
California.....	50,946	New Jersey.....	18,453
Colorado.....	1,447	New Hampshire.....	1,874
Connecticut.....	54,082	N. Carolina.....	138,442
Delaware.....	1,311	Ohio.....	5,877
Florida.....	2,541	Pa.....	128,787
Georgia.....	2,971	Rich. Mon. & D. Co.....	2,580
Idaho.....	68,250	Texas.....	5,493
Illinois.....	2,304,716	Virginia.....	4,054
Indiana.....	3,330	Wisconsin.....	1,600
Iowa.....	31,005	Wyoming.....	1,000
Kansas.....	31,005	Total.....	1,287,708

APPOINTMENT.

TO THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 26.—The President has appointed Maj. Thomas F. Morgan, previously Major of the 1st Cavalry, to fill the vacancy in the District, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Seth L. Phelps.

VISITING GEN. GRANT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov.

13

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